

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

JUNE 30, 2008

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COUGHLIN FOUNDOTOS CULLEN & DANOWSKI, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Huntington Union Free School District Huntington, New York

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Huntington Union Free School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund as well as the fiduciary funds of the Huntington Union Free School District as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2008, on our consideration of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 11 and 36, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The other supplementary information on pages 37 through 40 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the New York State Education Department. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the other supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Huntington Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying summary schedule of prior findings and corrective action plan are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Government Auditing Standards and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of Huntington Union Free School District. The summary schedule of prior findings and corrective action plan have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Coughlin Foundates Cullen Demouski, LLP

October 7, 2008

The Huntington Union Free School District's discussion and analysis of financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

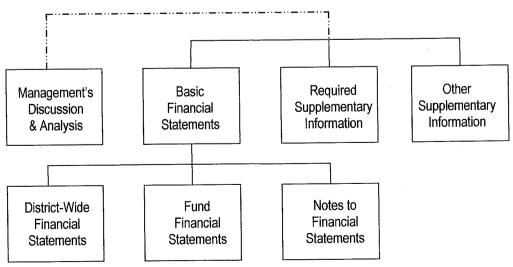
1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2008 are as follows:

- On the district-wide financial statements, the District's total net assets increased by \$1,762,957 or 8.56%. This
 was due to an excess of revenues over expenses on the accrual basis of accounting.
- On the district-wide financial statements, the District's expenses for the year totaled \$103,754,341. Of this amount, \$5,106,488 was offset by program charges for services and operating grants. General revenues of \$100,410,810 amounted to 95.2% of total revenues, and were adequate to cover the balance of program expenses.
- The District received \$3,224,344 in operating grants to support instructional programs.
- The general fund's total fund balance, as reflected on the balance sheet in the fund financial statements, increased by \$569,206 to \$10,402,643.
- On the balance sheet, the general fund's unreserved, undesignated fund balance at year end was \$4,143,835.
 This represents an increase of \$1,168,778 over the prior year. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance at year end approximates the statutory limit authorized by New York State Law.
- On May 20, 2008 the voters approved the establishment of a new capital reserve to be capitalized in the ultimate
 amount of \$10,000,000 plus interest. The funding source shall be the annual transfer of surplus monies, if any,
 from the District's general fund not to exceed \$2,000,000 in any given year as may be available at the end of each
 year from June 20, 2008 through June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2008, \$414,000 of surplus was transferred to this
 reserve.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the District and are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two district-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Assets

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net assets during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

These statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period that they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period that they become measurable, funded through available resources and payable within a current period.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, you may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds, general fund, special aid fund, school lunch fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the District's district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Assets

A summary of the District's Statement of Net Assets for June 30, 2008 and 2007 is as follows:

	2008	Restated 2007	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 22,083,914 23,708,252	\$ 20,835,826 24,311,025	\$ 1,248,088 (602,773)	5.99 % (2.48)%
Total Assets	45,792,166	45,146,851	645,315	1.43 %
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities	17,458,389 5,963,554	18,951,727 5,587,858	(1,493,338) 375,696	(7.88)% 6.72 %
Total Liabilities	23,421,943	24,539,585	(1,117,642)	(4.55)%
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	13,722,506	12,877,766	844,740	6.56 %
Restricted	648,944	1,831,815	(1,182,871)	(64.57)%
Unrestricted	7,998,773	5,897,685	2,101,088	35.63 %
Total Net Assets	\$ 22,370,223	\$ 20,607,266	\$ 1,762,957	8.56 %

The above schedule for 2007 has been restated to reflect the impact of a prior period adjustment. The adjustment was an increase to long-term liabilities in the amount of \$1,615,389. This increase was due to an actuarial valuation of the District's liability for workers' compensation.

Current and other assets increased by \$1,248,088, as compared to the prior year. The increase is reflected in larger bank deposits at year end.

Capital assets decreased by \$602,773, as compared to the prior year. The decrease was primarily the result of depreciation in excess of improvements to facilities. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 7 "Capital Assets" provides additional information.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$1,493,338, as compared to the prior year. The decrease was primarily the result of the repayment of bond and installment debt.

Other liabilities increased by \$375,696, as compared to the prior year. The increase was primarily in connection with the District's accrued liabilities at year end.

The net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, relates to the investment in capital assets at cost such as – land, construction in progress, buildings & improvements, site improvements, and, furniture & equipment, net of depreciation and related debt. This number increased over the prior year by \$844,740 as follows:

	(Increase Decrease)
Capital asset additions - total Additions financed by debt Principal debt reduction of construction bonds Principal debt reduction of installment puchase debt Depreciation expense	\$	1,289,167 (274,077) 1,600,000 121,590 (1,891,940)
	\$	844,740

The restricted net assets in the amount of \$648,944 relates to the District's capital, debt service and repair reserves. This number decreased from the prior year by \$1,182,871 principally due to voter approval to expend \$1,648,000 for capital improvements.

The unrestricted net assets in the amount of \$7,998,773 relates to the balance of the District's net assets. This number includes the District's other reserves and fund balances less unfunded liabilities such as compensated absences. This number increased over the prior year by \$2,101,088 because the District expended less than budgeted and collected more revenues than anticipated.

The Districts total net assets increased by \$1,762,957 or 8.56%; \$22,370,223 at June 30, 2008, compared to \$20,607,266 at June 30, 2007.

B. Changes in Net Assets

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format in the accompanying financial statements. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 is as follows:

					Increase	Percentage
	 2008 2007			(Decrease)	Change
Revenues						
Program Revenues		_		•	(007 507)	(47 40)0/
Charges for Services	\$ 1,144,065	\$	1,381,592	\$	(237,527)	(17.19)%
Operating Grants	3,962,423		3,832,875		129,548	3.38 %
General Revenues						/
Real Property Taxes and STAR	85,673,381		82,486,740		3,186,641	3.86 %
State Sources	11,663,181	9,504,353			2,158,828	22.71 %
Federal Sources	50,826		107,050		(56,224)	(52.52)%
Other	3,023,422		3,154,089		(130,667)	(4.14)%
Total Revenues	105,517,298		100,466,699		5,050,599	5.03 %
Expenses						
General Support	11,599,447		11,563,638		35,809	0.31 %
Instruction	81,418,463		76,308,346		5,110,117	6.70 %
Pupil Transportation	7,992,409		7,134,841		857,568	12.02 %
Debt Service - Interest	1,308,346		1,206,446		101,900	8.45 %
Cost of Sales - Food	1,435,676		1,419,008		16,668	1.17 %
Total Expenses	 103,754,341		97,632,279		6,122,062	6.27 %
Increase in Net Assets	\$ 1,762,957	\$	2,834,420	\$	(1,071,463)	(37.80)%

The District's net assets increased by \$1,762,957 and \$2,834,420 for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The District's revenues increased by \$5,050,599 or 5.03%. The main areas of increase were real property taxes and STAR which increased by \$3,186,641, and state aid which increased by \$2,158,828.

The District's expenses increased by \$6,122,062 or 6.27%. The major contributing factor to this increase was the additional costs required for instructional purposes.

As indicated on the pie charts that follow, real property taxes and STAR comprise the largest component of revenues recognized, 81% and 83% of the total for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Instructional expenses are the largest category of expenses incurred comprising 79% of the total for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:

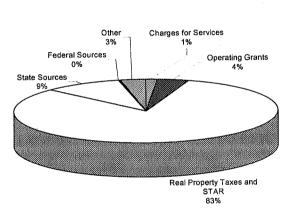
June 30, 2008

Other 3% 1% Operating Grants 4% State Sources

1196

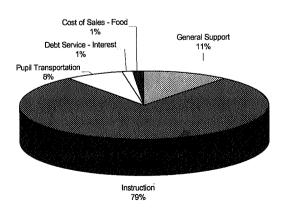
Real Property Taxes and STAR 81%

June 30, 2007

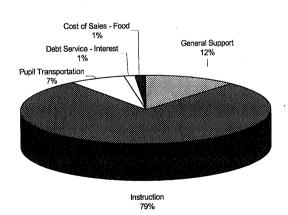


A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:

June 30, 2008



June 30, 2007



4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2008, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$15,541,745 which is an increase of \$903,454 over the prior year. This increase is due to an excess of revenues over expenditures. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

	2008	Changes	
General Fund		* 070 000	Φ 00.044
Reserve for Encumbrances	\$ 438,577	\$ 378,233	\$ 60,344
Reserved for:	0 004 400	2,202,900	78,500
Workers' Compensation	2,281,400	1,279,247	45,584
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	1,324,831	• •	•
Capital	414,000	1,648,000	(1,234,000)
Repairs	40,000		40,000
Unreserved - Designated for	4 700 000	4 050 000	440,000
subsequent year's expenditures	1,760,000	1,350,000	410,000
Unreserved - Undesignated	4,143,835	2,975,057	1,168,778 569,206
	10,402,643	9,833,437	309,200
School Lunch Fund			
Reserve for Inventory	31,655	36,975	(5,320)
Unreserved - Undesignated	180,194	183,467	(3,273)
Ü	211,849	220,442	(8,593)
Debt Service Fund			
Reserve for Debt	194,944	183,815	11,129
Capital Projects Fund			
Reserve for Encumbrances	1,355,920	1,051,210	304,710
Reserve for Capital	3,218,269	3,060,434	157,835
Unreserved - Undesignated	158,120	288,953	(130,833)
Office of the originated	4,732,309	4,400,597	331,712
Total Fund Balance	\$ 15,541,745	\$ 14,638,291	\$ 903,454

A. General Fund

The general fund - fund balance increased by \$569,206, as a result of an operating surplus. \$414,000 of this surplus was reserved for capital improvements.

B. School Lunch Fund

The school lunch fund - fund balance decreased by \$8,593. This was the amount of the operating loss sustained by the program.

C. Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund - fund balance increased by \$11,129, as a result of interest earnings on bond proceeds. These interest earnings will be used for debt service on the related debt.

D. Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund - fund balance increased by \$331,712. This was the result of a transfer of \$1,648,000 of capital reserve from the general fund net of \$1,316,288 of expenditures for capital improvements for the year.

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2007-08 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2008, was \$99,199,355. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$378,233 and budget revisions of \$1,775,837, for a total final budget of \$101,353,425.

The budget was funded through a combination of revenues and designated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$85,672,855 in property taxes and STAR receipts. The budget revisions were funded by a grant, donations and the appropriation of the capital reserve.

B. Change in General Fund's Unreserved – Undesignated Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unreserved — undesignated fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund the subsequent year's budget. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as the "fund balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unreserved - Undesignated Fund Balance	\$	2,975,057
Revenues Over Budget		2,131,115
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget		1,375,747
Net Change in Reserves		(578,084)
Appropriated for June 30, 2008 Budget		(1,760,000)
Closing, Unreserved - Undesignated Fund Balance	\$_	4,143,835

Opening, Unreserved - Undesignated Fund Balance

The \$2,975,057 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2007 fund balance that was retained as undesignated. This was approximately 3% of the District's 2007-08 approved operating budget of \$99,199,355. It is the maximum undesignated fund balance permitted by law, and is generally regarded as a positive financial management indicator.

Revenues Over Budget

The 2007-08 final budget for revenues was \$97,977,192. Actual revenues received for the year were \$100,108,307. The excess of actual revenue over estimated or budgeted revenue was \$2,131,115. The District's recognized revenues in excess of that anticipated were primarily in the following areas: use of money and property - interest earnings on deposits with financial institutions; and miscellaneous income - reimbursement of Medicare D, donations and refunds of prior year's expenditures. Revenues over budget contribute directly to the change to the undesignated portion of the general fund - fund balance from June 30, 2007 to June 30, 2008.

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The 2007-08 final budget for expenditures, including budget revisions and prior year open encumbrances as of June 30, 2007, was \$101,353,425. Actual expenditures as of June 30, 2008 were \$99,539,101 plus outstanding encumbrances of \$438,577. Combined, the expenditures plus encumbrances for 2007-08 was \$99,977,678. The final budget was under expended by \$1,375,747. The majority of this under expenditure was in the instruction area. Expenditures and encumbrances under budget contribute directly to the change to the undesignated portion of the general fund - fund balance from June 30, 2007 to June 30, 2008.

Net Change in Reserves

Monies transferred from budget lines within the general fund operating budget into required reserves such as the workers' compensation reserve, the employee benefit accrued liability reserve or the capital reserve do not affect the combined reserved, designated and undesignated fund balance unless, and until these monies are actually expended. The transfers do, however, reduce the District's discretion regarding the use of these transferred monies, and thus, reduce the undesignated portion of the fund balance by the amount of the transfers.

The above table reflects the net earnings in the workers' compensation and employee benefit accrued liability reserves of \$124,084 and two transfers to reserves: \$40,000 to the repair reserve and \$414,000 to the capital reserve.

Appropriated Fund Balance

The District has chosen to use \$1,760,000 of its available June 30, 2008 fund balance to partially fund its 2008-09 approved operating budget.

Closing, Unreserved - Undesignated Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the District will begin the 2008-09 fiscal year with an undesignated fund balance of \$4,143,835. This is an increase of \$1,168,778 as compared to the prior year. This undesignated portion is within the permissible 4.0% statutory maximum and is an indicator of stability in the District's management of its undesignated general fund-fund balance.

6. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2008, the District had \$23,708,252 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, site improvements, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease of \$602,773 from the prior year. See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 7 "Capital Assets" for additional information. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of depreciation at June 30, 2008 and 2007 is as follows:

	2008	2007	(Decrease)
Land	\$ 1,545,142	2 \$ 1,545,142	\$
Construction in progress	1,271,020	4,808,170	(3,537,150)
Buildings and improvements	18,655,053	15,261,009	3,394,044
Site improvements	1,373,433	1,477,352	(103,919)
Furniture and equipment	863,604	1,219,352	(355,748)
Capital assets, net	\$ 23,708,252	2 \$ 24,311,025	\$ (602,773)

Capital additions for the year ended June 30, 2008, were \$1,289,167. Depreciation expense for the year was \$1,891,940.

B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2008, the District had total bonds payable of \$8,035,000. The bonds were issued for school building improvements. The decrease in outstanding bonds represents principal payments on all outstanding bonds of \$1,600,000. A summary of the outstanding bonds at June 30, 2008 and 2007 is as follows:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	2008			2007	(Increase Decrease)
May 1998 February 1999 September 2006	4.0 - 5.5% 3.8 - 4.1% 4.125 - 4.25%	\$	4,135,000 790,000 3,110,000		4,865,000 1,550,000 3,220,000	\$	(730,000) (760,000) (110,000)
		\$	8,035,000	\$	9,635,000	\$	(1,600,000)

At June 30, 2008, the District had installment purchase debt outstanding of \$2,114,142. This is a decrease from the prior year of \$121,590. The final maturity on this installment debt is 2021.

Included in the District's long-term liabilities are the estimated amounts due for compensated absences and workers' compensation. The compensated absence liability of \$4,392,752 is based on employee sick and vacation time through June 30, 2008 and the applicable rates and limitations outlined in the various contracts. The workers' compensation liability of \$2,916,495 is based on an actuarial valuation of the District's claims. A prior period adjustment was made to the opening balance in the amount of \$1,615,389 as a result of the actuarial valuation.

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. has assigned a credit rating of Aa3 to the District's debt. The District's total outstanding indebtedness did not exceed the District's debt limit, which is defined as 10% of the full valuation of the taxable real property within the District.

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The general fund budget, the only fund with a legally adopted budget, as approved by the voters for the year ending June 30, 2009 is \$103,617,414. This is an increase of \$4,418,059 or 4.45% over the previous year's budget. The increase is predominantly in the instructional component of the budget.

The District budgeted revenues at a \$1,384,429 increase over the prior year's estimate. The budget reflects an increase in property tax revenues of 3.54%. The budget also reflects an increase in state aid and miscellaneous revenue. The District chose to appropriate \$1,760,000 of unreserved — undesignated fund balance in the June 30, 2009 budget.

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Mr. David H. Grackin Assistant Superintendent, Finance & Management Services Huntington Union Free School District 50 Tower Street Huntington Station, New York 11746

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

ASSETS	•	40 407 007
Cash	\$	18,487,207
Receivables		532,843
Accounts receivable		•
Due from other governments		2,495,298
Other assets		536,911
Inventory		31,655
Capital assets not being depreciated		2,816,162
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation		20,892,090
Total Assets	\$	45,792,166
LIABILITIES		
Payables		
Accounts payable	\$	467,320
Accrued liabilities		600,161
Retained percentages		154,837
Due to other governments		1,443
Deferred revenues		21,600
Due to teachers' retirement system		4,123,298
Due to employees' retirement system		267,452
Compensated absences payable		327,443
Long-term liabilities		
Due and payable within one year		
Bonds payable		1,665,000
Installment purchase debt		126,545
Compensated absences payable		76,176
Due and payable after one year		
Bonds payable		6,370,000
Installment purchase debt		1,987,597
Compensated absences payable		4,316,576
Workers' compensation liabilities		2,916,495
Total Liabilities	-	23,421,943
NET ASSETS		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		13,722,506
Restricted for capital		414,000
Restricted for repairs		40,000
Restricted for debt service		194,944
Unrestricted		7,998,773
Total Net Assets		22,370,223
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	45,792,166

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Statement of Activities
For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

•	Expenses			Program l harges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities: General support Instruction Pupil transportation Debt service - interest	\$	11,599,447 81,418,463 7,992,409 1,308,346	\$	472,074	\$ 3,224,344	\$	(11,599,447) (77,722,045) (7,992,409) (1,308,346)
Food service program Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,435,676 103,754,341	\$	671,991 1,144,065	\$ 738,079 3,962,423		(25,606) (98,647,853)
GENERAL REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Use of money and property Miscellaneous Intergovernmental revenue State sources Medicaid reimbursement							76,827,780 8,989,947 1,077,088 989,198 812,790 11,663,181 50,826
Total General Revenues							100,410,810
Change in Net Assets							1,762,957
Total Net Assets - Beginning of year							22,222,655
Prior Period Adjustment							(1,615,389)
Total Net Assets - End of year						\$	22,370,223

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

	 General -	Special School Aid Lunch		Debt Service			Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash	\$ 16,407,357	\$	797,327	\$ 122,349	\$	98,967	\$	1,061,207	\$	18,487,207
Receivables										520.042
Accounts receivable	526,479		6,364			05.077		2 004 046		532,843 5,441,643
Due from other funds	1,423,750					95,977		3,921,916		2,495,298
Due from other governments	1,800,470		620,059	74,769						536,911
Other assets	536,911			31,655						31,655
Inventory	 			 31,000						01,000
Total Assets	\$ 20,694,967	\$	1,423,750	\$ 228,773	\$	194,944_	\$	4,983,123	\$	27,525,557
LIABILITIES										
Payables										
Accounts payable	\$ 451,839	\$		\$ 15,481	\$		\$		\$	467,320
Accrued liabilities	449,865									449,865
Retained percentages	·							154,837		154,837
Due to other funds	3,921,916		1,423,750					95,977		5,441,643
Due to other governments				1,443						1,443
Due to teachers' retirement system	4,123,298									4,123,298
Due to employees' retirement system	267,452									267,452
Compensated absences payable	327,443									327,443
Deferred Credits										750,511
Deferred revenues	 750,511			 						750,511
Total Liabilities	 10,292,324		1,423,750	 16,924		-		250,814		11,983,812
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	438,577							1,355,920		1,794,497
Workers' Compensation	2,281,400									2,281,400
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	1,324,831							0.040.000		1,324,831
Capital	414,000							3,218,269		3,632,269 40,000
Repairs	40,000					404.044				194,944
Debt Service				04.055		194,944				31,655
Inventory				31,655						31,000
Unreserved - Designated for subsequent	4 700 000									1,760,000
year's expenditures	1,760,000			180,194				158,120		4,482,149
Unreserved - Undesignated	 4,143,835			 100,194					-	
Total Fund Balances	 10,402,643			 211,849		194,944	. —	4,732,309		15,541,745
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 20,694,967	\$	1,423,750	\$ 228,773	_\$_	194,944	\$	4,983,123		27,525,557

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 15,541,745
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the statement of net assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.	
Original cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	51,868,582 (28,160,330) 23,708,252
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore deferred in the governmental funds.	728,911
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Bonds payable Accrued interest on bonds payable Installment purchase debt Compensated absences Workers' compensation liabilities	(8,035,000) (150,296) (2,114,142) (4,392,752) (2,916,495) (17,608,685)
Total Net Assets	\$ 22,370,223

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

-	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 76,827,780 8,989,947 529,861 1,054,380 989,198	\$	\$ 1,578 16,176	\$ 21,130	\$	\$ 76,827,780 8,989,947 529,861 1,077,088 1,005,374
Intergovernmental revenue State sources Medicaid reimbursement	11,663,181 50,826	1,058,211	37,991	812,790		812,790 12,759,383 50,826
Federal sources Surplus food Sales - school lunch		2,166,133	620,996 79,092 655,815			2,787,129 79,092 655,815
Total Revenues	100,105,173	3,224,344	1,411,648	833,920	_	105,575,085
EXPENDITURES General support Instruction Pupil transportation Employee benefits	9,248,794 56,949,413 7,737,802 21,579,598	3,158,897 210,570				9,248,794 60,108,310 7,948,372 21,579,598
Debt service Principal Interest Cost of sales Capital outlay	121,590 903,594		1,420,241	1,600,000 424,844	1,316,288	1,721,590 1,328,438 1,420,241 1,316,288
Total Expenditures	96,540,791	3,369,467	1,420,241	2,024,844	1,316,288	104,671,631
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	3,564,382	(145,123)	(8,593)	(1,190,924)	(1,316,288)	903,454
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USE Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	3,134 (2,998,310)	148,257 (3,134)		1,202,053	1,648,000	3,001,444 (3,001,444)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(2,995,176)	145,123		1,202,053	1,648,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	569,206	-	(8,593)	11,129	331,712	903,454
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	9,833,437	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	220,442	183,815	4,400,597	14,638,291
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 10,402,643	\$ -	\$ 211,849	\$ 194,944	\$ 4,732,309	\$ 15,541,745

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 903,454
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences	
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Increase in unfunded compensated absences liability Decrease in workers' compensation liabilities \$ (241,314) 13,062	(228,252)
Potential revenues that do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current year are reported as deferred revenues in the governmental funds, but they are recognized as current revenues in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which deferred revenues decreased from June 30, 2007 to June 30, 2008.	(51,154)
Capital Related Differences	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the period.	
Capital outlays Depreciation expense 1,289,167 (1,891,940)	(602,773)
Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences	,
Repayment of bonds payable is an expenditure in governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities. 1,600,000	
Repayment of installment purchase debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities. 121,590	
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which accrued interest decreased from June 30, 2007 to June 30, 2008.	
	 1,741,682
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,762,957

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets -Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2008

	Agency	Private Purpose Trusts		
ASSETS Cash	\$ 361,412	\$ 873,084		
Total Assets	\$ 361,412	\$ 873,084		
LIABILITIES Extraclassroom activity balances Other liabilities	\$ 185,310 176,102	\$		
Total Liabilities	\$ 361,412	-		
NET ASSETS Reserved for scholarships Expendable trust funds Non-expendable trust funds		112,906 760,178		
Total Liabilities and Net Assets		\$ 873,084		

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets -Fiduciary Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Private Purpose Trusts
ADDITIONS Miscellaneous Investment earnings	\$ 8,016 30,683
Total Additions	38,699
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships and awards	8,200
Change in Net Assets	30,499
Net Assets - Beginning of year	842,585
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 873,084

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Huntington Union Free School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are as follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the District's reporting entity.

Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The District reports these assets held by it as agent for the extraclassroom organizations in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Fund. Separate audited financial statements of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office.

B. Joint Venture

The District is one of 18 component school districts in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Western Suffolk, (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. BOCES are organized under Section §1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section §1950 of the Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under Section §1950(6). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section §119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section §1950(4)(b)(7). There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants, contributions, and other revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including real property taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The District's financial statements reflect the following major fund categories:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund - is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund - is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed by either governments that provide the funds or outside parties.

School Lunch Fund - is used to account for the activities of the school lunch operations.

Debt Service Fund - accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

Capital Projects Fund – is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

Fiduciary Funds – are used to account for activities in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

Agency Funds - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

Private Purpose Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include real property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the related expenditures are incurred.

The fund statements are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Real Property Taxes

Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board no later than November 1st and become a lien on December 1st. Taxes are collected by the Town of Huntington.

Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement is paid by the County to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1st.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

F. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Assets for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

A detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, transfers in and transfers out activity is provided subsequently in these Notes to Financial Statements.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, workers' compensation, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents/Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank deposits and investments with a maturity date of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value, based on quoted market prices.

I. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. These inventories are accounted for on the purchases method. A reserve for inventory has been recognized to indicate that this does not constitute available spendable resources.

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Assets or Balance Sheet using the purchases method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds, the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts, and estimated useful lives of capital assets as reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Capitalization Threshold		Estimated Useful Life	
Buildings and improvements	\$	50,000	50 years	
Site improvements		25,000	20 years	
Furniture and equipment		1,000	5-20 years	

L. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenues is removed and revenues are recognized.

Statute provides the authority for the District to levy taxes to be used to finance expenditures within the first 120 days of the succeeding fiscal year. Consequently, such amounts are recognized as revenue in the subsequent fiscal year, rather than when measurable and available.

M. Vested Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave or a credit towards their health insurance obligation.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the liability has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources.

N. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State Employees' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Collective bargaining agreements determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the general fund, in the year paid.

In June of 2004, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEBs). OPEBs include benefits such as health insurance, as well as other benefits. Prior to adopting GASB 45, governments reported their current outlays for OPEBs as expenditures in the year paid. GASB 45 will require governments to report information about their long-term financial obligations and commitments for OPEBs as incurred. The theory behind this reporting is that the traditional pay as you go public disclosures may be incomplete regarding the true

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

cost of public services as well as not reflecting the true financial position and long-term health of the government. The effective date for GASB 45 will depend on the size of the government. The District will have to address GASB 45 for its fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 with regard to its OPEB obligation. The full impact of GASB 45 cannot be determined at this time.

O. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue revenue anticipation notes (RAN) and tax anticipation notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

P. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Assets.

Q. Equity Classifications

District-Wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net assets:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net assets – reports net assets when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets – reports all other net assets that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Fund Statements

Unreserved fund balance consists of two classifications. A designation of unreserved fund balance indicates the planned use of these resources in the subsequent year's budget. The undesignated portion reports remaining fund balance that has not been designated or reserved. NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318, as amended with an effective date of July 1, 2007, restricts the unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the general fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the 2008-09 budget for June 30, 2008.

Fund balance reserves are created to satisfy legal restrictions, plan for future expenditures or relate to resources not available for general use or appropriation. These reserve funds are established through Board action or voter approval and a separate identity must be maintained for each reserve. Earnings on the invested resources

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

become part of the respective reserve funds; however, separate bank accounts are not necessary for each reserve fund. Fund balance reserves currently in use by the District include the following:

Reserve for Encumbrances

Reserve for encumbrances represents the amount of outstanding encumbrances at the end of the fiscal year. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund and capital projects fund.

Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' compensation reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Reserve for employee benefit accrued liability (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund

Reserve for Capital

Capital reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund until the voters approve the spending, at which time it is transferred to the capital projects fund.

Repair Reserve

Repair Reserve (GML §6-d) is used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education without voter approval may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Reserve for Debt Service

Mandatory reserve for debt service (GML §6-I) is used to establish a reserve for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects; interest and earnings from investing proceeds of obligations, and premium and accrued interest are recorded in the Reserve for Debt and held until appropriated for debt payments. The reserve is accounted for in the debt service fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Reserve for Inventory

Reserve for inventory is used to restrict that portion of fund balance, which is not available for appropriation. The reserve is accounted for in the school lunch fund.

Reserve for Scholarships

Reserve for scholarships is used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, net of earnings and awards. The reserve is accounted for in the private purpose trust funds.

2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource measurement focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resource measurement focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Assets of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net assets" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Assets. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Assets versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories.

Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Assets. In addition, both interest and principal are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements when due and payable, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as it accrues, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

Transfer to capital funded by capital reserve Contingent expenditures funded by grant	\$	60.000
Contingent expenditures funded by donations	<u></u>	67,837
	\$	1 775 837

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

4. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's investment policies are governed by state statutes and District policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its Agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities. Investments are stated at fair value.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

A. Uncollateralized,

B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or

C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

None of the District's aggregate bank balances, not covered by depository insurance, were exposed to custodial credit risk as described above at year-end.

The District did not have any investments at year-end or during the year. Consequently, the District was not exposed to any material interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

Investment pool

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year-end are \$1,078,382,509, which consisted of \$280,249,107 in repurchase agreements, \$565,127,788 in U. S. Treasury Securities, \$8,005,614 in U.S. Government Guaranteed Securities and \$225,000,000 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rate and due dates.

The following amounts are included as cash:

Fund	Carrying Amount
Capital Fund Fiduciary Funds	\$ 300,000 873,084
	\$ 1,173,084

The above amounts represent the cost of the investment pool shares, and are considered to approximate market value. The investment pool is categorically exempt from the New York State collateral requirements. Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of New York CLASS — Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Putnam/Northern Westchester, 200 BOCES Drive, Yorktown Heights, New York 10596-4399.

5. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the District was billed \$7,185,960 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$937,575. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices at 507 Deer Park Road, P.O. Box 8007, Huntington Station, NY 11746-9007.

6. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments at June 30, 2008 consisted of:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

General Fund New York State aid BOCES aid	\$ 1,219,229 581,241 1,800,470
Special Aid Fund Federal and State grants	620,059
School Lunch Fund Federal and State food service program reimbursements	74,769
	\$ 2,495,298

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

During the year June 30, 2008, the District had a fixed asset management company perform a physical inventory of the District's capital assets.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, were as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2007	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2008
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated		Φ.	Φ.	\$ 1.545.142
Land	\$ 1,545,142	\$	\$ (4.700.248)	¥ 1,-1-,-
Construction in progress	4,808,170	1,255,198	(4,792,348)	1,271,020
Total capital assets	0.050.040	4.055.400	(4 700 240)	2 216 162
not being depreciated	6,353,312	1,255,198	(4,792,348)	2,816,162
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	35,755,314	4,792,348		40,547,662
Site improvements	2,135,805	, ,		2,135,805
Furniture and equipment	6,345,443	33,969	(10,459)	6,368,953
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	44,236,562	4,826,317	(10,459)	49,052,420
Less accumulated depreciation for:	00 404 005	4 000 004		24 902 600
Buildings and improvements	20,494,305	1,398,304		21,892,609
Site improvements	658,453	103,919	(40.450)	762,372
Furniture and equipment	5,126,091	389,717	(10,459)	5,505,349
Total accumulated depreciation	26,278,849	1,891,940_	(10,459)	28,160,330
Total capital assets,				,
being depreciated, net	17,957,713	2,934,377	-	20,892,090
2011.9 404. 2011.10.1, 11.1				
Capital assets, net	\$ 24,311,025	\$ 4,189,575	\$ (4,792,348)	\$ 23,708,252

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support Instruction	\$	42,521 1,833,984
Food service program Total depreciation expense		15,435 1,891,940

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and activities at June 30, 2008, are as follows:

	Interfund							
	Receivable		Receivable Payable		Transfers In		Transfers Ou	
General Fund Special Aid Fund Debt Service Fund	\$	1,423,750 95,977 3,921,916	\$	3,921,916 1,423,750 95,977	\$	3,134 148,257 1,202,053 1,648,000	\$	2,998,310 3,134
Capital Projects Fund		3,921,910		90,911				
Total	\$	5,441,643	\$	5,441,643	\$	3,001,444	\$	3,001,444

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund and the debt service fund in accordance with the general fund budget. The transfer to the special aid fund was for the District's share of the costs for the summer handicapped program. The transfer to the debt service fund was for repayment of principal and interest on outstanding bond indebtedness. The transfer to the capital projects fund was for projects approved by the voters to be funded from the capital reserve.

9. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Maturity	Interest Rate	Balance June 30, 2007	lssued	Redeemed	Balance June 30, 2008
TAN	6/27/08	3.9-4.0%	\$	\$ 28,000,000	\$ (28,000,000)	\$

Interest expense on short-term debt for the year was \$812,466.

10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following table summarizes the changes in long-term liabilities for the year:

		Restated Balance ne 30, 2007		Additions	<u>F</u>	Reductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2008	D	Amounts oue Within One Year
Long-term debt: Bonds payable Installment purchase debt	\$	9,635,000 2,235,732	\$		\$	(1,600,000) (121,590)	\$	8,035,000 2,114,142	\$	1,665,000 126,545
Other long-term liabilities: Compensated absences Workers' compensation		4,151,438 2,929,557		241,314 426,693		(439,755)		4,392,752 2,916,495		76,176
	\$	18,951,727	_\$_	668,007	\$	(2,161,345)	\$	17,458,389	\$	1,867,721

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The June 30, 2007 balance for workers' compensation liability has been restated for a prior period adjustment of \$1,615,389 based on an actuarial valuation.

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities.

Bonds payable are comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate		tstanding at ne 30, 2008
Construction Construction Construction	5/1998 2/1999 9/2006	7/2012 2/2009 6/2026	4.0 - 5.5% 3.8 - 4.1% 4.125 - 4.25%	\$	4,135,000 790,000 3,110,000
				\$	8,035,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest		Total
2009	\$	1,665,000	\$	356,001	2,021,001
2010	,	905,000	·	283,234	1,188,234
2011		950,000		238,475	1,188,475
2012		990,000		188,013	1,178,013
2013		1,045,000		134,113	1,179,113
2014-2018		790,000		454,756	1,244,756
2019-2023		985,000		276,556	1,261,556
2024-2026		705,000		60,775	765,775
Total	\$	8,035,000	\$	1,991,923	\$ 10,026,923

The following is a summary of installment purchase debt requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		 Total
2009	\$ 126,545	\$	86,173	212,718
2010	131,703		81,015	212,718
2011	137,072		75,646	212,718
2012	142,659		70,059	212,718
2013	148,473		64,245	212,718
2014-2018	838,230		225,359	1,063,589
2019-2021	589,460		48,693	 638,153
Total	\$ 2,114,142	\$	651,190	\$ 2,765,332

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid Less interest accrued in the prior year Plus interest accrued in the current year	\$	515,972 (170,388) 150,296
Total interest expense on long-term debt	_\$ _	495,880

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. PENSION PLANS

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

Teachers' Retirement System

The NYSTRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The System provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the state of New York. The NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

Employees' Retirement System

The NYSERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, Gov. Alfred E. Smith State Office Building, Albany, NY 12244.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory for the employee except for those who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976 with less than ten years of credited service, who contribute 3% of their salary. For the NYSERS, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, rates are established annually for NYSTRS by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

Year	NYSTRS	NYSERS		
2008	\$ 3,568,278	\$ 929,085		
2007	3,303,484	1,216,548		
2006	2,871,097	1,170,235		

12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides post-employment health insurance coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts.

The District covers between 50% and 100% of the premium cost for the retirees' health insurance in accordance with the contract terms in place at the time of the employee's retirement.

The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance for retirees annually as expenditures in the general fund at the time the expenditure is incurred. For the year ended June 30, 2008, the District recorded approximately \$4,193,000 as its share of insurance premiums for 639 currently enrolled retirees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

13. RISK MANAGEMENT / PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded available reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

The District has established a self-insured plan for risks associated with workers' compensation claims. Liabilities of the plan are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities should include an amount for reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before year end but not reported (IBNR). The liability at June 30, 2008 is based on an actuarial valuation using an annual interest rate discount of 3%. Claims activity is summarized below:

	Restated2007	2008
Unpaid claims at beginning of year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Claim payments	\$ 2,890,705 452,234 (413,382)	\$ 2,929,557 426,693 (439,755)
Unpaid claims at year end	\$ 2,929,557	\$ 2,916,495

The amounts for 2007 have been restated to give effect to a prior period adjustment based on the results of an actuarial valuation. The result of the actuarial valuation was an increase in the liability of \$1,615,389.

14. FUND BALANCES - UNRESERVED: DESIGNATED FOR SUBSEQUENT YEAR'S EXPENDITURES

The amount of \$1,760,000 has been designated as the amount estimated to be appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2009.

15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the District's insurance coverage. However, it is not possible to determine the District's potential exposure, if any, at this time.

C. Operating Leases

The District leases various equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Rental expense for the year was \$119,253. The minimum remaining operating lease payments are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount		
2009	\$	154,814	
2010		147,827	
2011		135,718	
2012		95,942	
2013	26,523		
	\$	560,824	

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 15, 2008, the District issued tax anticipation notes in the amount of \$27,000,000, which are due June 26, 2009, and bear an effective interest rate of 1.68%.

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Final Budget Variance with Actual
REVENUES					
Local Sources Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$ 85,672,855 135,000 396,000 653,500 165,000	\$ 76,827,254 8,980,601 396,000 653,500 232,837	\$ 76,827,780 8,989,947 529,861 1,054,380 989,198		\$ 526 9,346 133,861 400,880 756,361
Total Local Sources	87,022,355	87,090,192	88,391,166		1,300,974
State Sources	10,592,000	10,652,000	11,663,181		1,011,181
Medicaid Reimbursement	225,000	225,000	50,826		(174,174)
Total Revenues	97,839,355	97,967,192	100,105,173		2,137,981
OTHER SOURCES Operating transfers in	10,000	10,000	3,134		(6,866)
Total Revenues and Other Sources	97,849,355	97,977,192	100,108,307		\$ 2,131,115
				Year End Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance with Actual & Encumbrances
EXPENDITURES		•		Effcuilibrances	& Lincumbrances
General Support Board of education	34,555	34,555	21,269	\$ 556	\$ 12,730
Central administration Finance	323,312 1,017,131	323,385 1,060,991	318,322 992,917	33,522	5,063 34,552
Staff	950,099	1,021,139	952,221	26,330	42,588 107,911
Central services Special items	6,387,063 856,132	6,368,073 839,132_	6,130,961 833,104	129,201 5,000	1,028
Total General Support	9,568,292	9,647,275	9,248,794	194,609	203,872
Instruction					
Instruction, administration & improvement	4,126,967	4,329,780	4.095,944	18,897	214,939
Teaching - regular school	29,721,490	30,464,759	29,844,919	84,808	535,032
Programs for children with handicapping conditions Occupational education	16,343,646 938,059	16,426,500 920,430	16,285,510 880,696 214,295	88,306	52,684 39,734 15,103
Teaching - special school Instructional media	169,358 1,924,219	229,398 1,913,190	1,880,007	11,188	21,995
Pupil services	3,941,776	3,940,764	3,748,042	18,326	174,396
Total Instruction	57,165,515	58,224,821	56,949,413	221,525	1,053,883
Pupil Transportation	7,224,708	7,764,333	7,737,802	9,343	17,188
Employee Benefits	22,874,300	21,601,223	21,579,598	13,100	8,525
Debt Service Principal Interest	121,590 1,181,129	121,590 904,129	121,590 903,594		- 535
Total Debt Service	1,302,719	1,025,719	1,025,184		535
Total Expenditures	98,135,534	98,263,371	96,540,791	438,577	1,284,003
OTHER USES Operating transfers out	1,442,054	3,090,054	2,998,310		91,744
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	99,577,588	101,353,425	99,539,101	\$ 438,577	\$ 1,375,747
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,728,233)		569,206		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,728,233	3,376,233	9,833,437		
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,402,643	_	

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget And Use of Unreserved Fund Balance - General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET	
Original Budget	\$ 99,199,355
Additions: Prior year's encumbrances	 378,233
Original Budget	99,577,588
Budget revision	 1,775,837
Final Budget	\$ 101,353,425
Next year's budget is a voter-approved budget of	\$ 103,617,414
USE OF UNRESERVED FUND BALANCE	
Unreserved Fund Balance - As of the beginning of the year	\$ 4,325,057
Less: Designated fund balance used for the levy of taxes - Adopted budget	 1,350,000
Undesignated Fund Balance - As of the beginning of the year	 2,975,057

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HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Project Expenditures -Capital Projects Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

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				Expenditures				Methods	Methods of Financing		Fund
	Budget June 30, 2007	Budget June 30, 2008	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Balance June 30, 2008
PROJECT TITLE Capital Reserve: High School - Chemistry Labs Jefferson - Doors	\$ 135,000	\$ 135,000 125,000	\$ 94,548 87,584	↔	\$. 94,548 87,584	\$ 40,452 37,416	69	69	\$ 135,000 125,000	135,000 125,000	\$ 40,452 37,416
Finley, South Down, Flower Hill Sidewalk and Parking Lot Unallocated	221,000 99,644	221,000 99,644	201,454		201,454	19,546 99,644			221,000	221,000	19,546 99,644
Total Capital Reserve	580,644	580,644	383,586		383,586	197,058			580,644	580,644	197,058
Capital Reserves: Building Improvement Fund	6,352,000	8,000,000	2,804,956	995,907	3,800,863	4,199,137			8,000,000	8,000,000	4,199,137
Interfund Transfers: Southdown - Cesspools	40,000	40,000	5,143		5,143	34,857			40,000 54,274	40,000 54,274	34,857 54,274
Unallocated 2003-04 transfers 2004-05 transfers 2005-05 transfers	54,274 626,000 626,000 26,000	54,2/4 626,000 626,000 26,000	527,913 595,510 24,686	1,553 1,200	529,466 596,710 24,686	96,534 29,290 1,314			626,000 626,000 26,000	626,000 626,000 26,000	96,534 29,290 1,314
Total Interfund Transfers	1,372,274	1,372,274	1,153,252	2,753	1,156,005	216,269			1,372,274	1,372,274	216,269
Library District Bond Issue	6,600,000	6,600,000	6,514,403		6,514,403	85,597	000'009'9			000'009'9	85,597
2006 Bond Issue	3,365,000	3,365,000	3,013,124	274,077	3,287,201	77,799	3,365,000			3,365,000	77,799
Excel Funding				43,551	43,551	(43,551)					(43,551)
Totals	\$ 18,269,918	\$ 19,917,918	\$ 13,869,321	\$ 1,316,288	\$ 15,185,609	\$ 4,732,309	\$ 9,965,000	ss.	\$ 9,952,918	\$ 19,917,918	\$ 4,732,309

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Certain Revenues and Expenditures Compared to ST-3 Data For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Audited Code	ST-3 Amount	Audited Amount	
REVENUES Real Property Taxes	A -1001 AT-1199	\$ 76,827,780	\$ 76,827,780 -	
Non-Property Taxes State Aid Federal Aid - Medicaid Reimbursements Total Revenues	AT-1199 AT-3999 AT-4999 AT-5999	11,663,181 50,826 100,108,307	11,663,181 50,826 100,108,307	
EXPENDITURES	711 0000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
General Support Pupil Transportation	AT-1999 AT-5599	9,248,794 7,737,802	9,248,794 7,737,802	
Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest Total Expenditures	AT-9798.6 AT-9798.7 AT-9999	121,590 903,594 99,539,101	121,590 903,594 99,539,101	

HUNTINGTON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Capital assets, net	\$ 23,708,252
Deduct: Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable Short-term portion of installment purchase debt Long-term portion of installment purchase debt	(1,665,000) (6,370,000) (126,545) (1,987,597)
Less: Unspent bond proceeds	 163,396 (9,985,746)
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	 13,722,506

COUGHLIN FOUNDOTOS CULLEN & DANOWSKI, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

VINCENT D. CULLEN, CPA JAMES E. DANOWSKI, CPA PETER F. RODRIGUEZ, CPA JILL S. SANDERS, CPA CHRISTOPHER V. REINO, CPA ALAN YU, CPA

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Huntington Union Free School District Huntington, New York

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Huntington Union Free School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Huntington Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 07-1 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies, and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Huntington Union Free School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to the Board of Education, Audit Committee and management of the Huntington Union Free School District in a separate letter dated October 7, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the use and information of the Board of Education, Audit Committee and management of the Huntington Union Free School District, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Coughlin Foundates Cullen Denowski, LLP

October 7, 2008

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

07-1. Preparation of Financial Statements

Condition: The District's business office currently does not have the expertise to either prepare or exercise adequate control over the preparation of all of the components of its annual financial statements.

Recommendation: The District should obtain the necessary expertise, either in-house or through outsourcing, to ensure control over its financial statements preparation.

Current Status: There has been no change in status.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

07-1. Preparation of Financial Statements

Condition: The District's Business Office does not either prepare or exercise adequate control over the preparation of its annual financial statements, which would prevent or detect a misstatement in the financial statements. However, the District does demonstrate an understanding of the financial statements.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that an individual from the District exercises responsibility over the preparation of the annual financial statements, which would prevent or detect a misstatement in the financial statements.

Effect: Because of the District's internal control design deficiency regarding the preparation of financial statements, there is more than a remote likelihood that a more than inconsequential but less than material misstatement will not be prevented or detected.

Recommendation: The District should review this issue and determine who should be preparing its annual financial statements.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

The District's corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2008, is under separate cover.

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